

THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

NUMBER 552.]

SATURDAY, August 26, 1797.

[VOLUME X.]

LEXINGTON:—Printed [on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS] by J. BRADFORD, on Main street; where Subscriptions, at Twenty-One Shillings Per Annum, Advertisements, Articles of Intelligence, Essays, &c. are thankfully received, and Printing in general executed in a neat and correct manner.

LAW BOOKS.

FOR SALE, BY WHOLE SALE OR RETAIL, THE FOLLOWING LAW BOOKS.

EQUITY CASES abridged
by Spanish Path Prius
Powell on Mortgages
on devices
on powers
on contracts
Laws of the United States
Swift's Edition
Bacon's abridgement;
Wilson's reports;
Blackstone's do.
Coke upon Lyleton
Kyd on awards
Highmore on bail
Durnford and East
Hale's Common Law,
Williams's conveyancing
Vattel's Law of Nations
Blackstone's Commentaries,
Vade Mecum (Morgan's),
Hawkins's Pleas of the Crown,
Richardson's Practice
System of Pleading
Forster's Crown Law
Dyer's Reports,
Strange's do.
Morgan's Essays
Brown's Cases in Chancery,
Pleaser's Assistant
Dougherty's Crown Circuit,
Rumington on Ejectments
Doctor and Student
Dougherty's Reports
Farne on Remainders
Hale's Pleas of the Crown,
Impey's Practice

ALSO, AN ASSORTMENT OF
Dry Goods &c. a few School Books,
TO BE SOLD BY WHOLESALE.
Enquire at the Office of the
Kentucky Gazette.

For Sale,

The noted high bred Horse
CINCINNATUS,

A BEAUTIFUL foal stud, seven years
old, fifteen hands high, well known for
his talents as a fast getter, and his remarkable
powers on the turf.

MONTEZUMA,

A full bred Spanish stud, from Mexico, five
or six years old, fifteen hands high, and allowed
by good judges to be superior to any of his
kind that has ever appeared in this country.

A well formed BAY MARE, fifteen hands
high, seven years old, well calculated for the
saddle or harness, being remarkably pure
of foot, and perfectly tractable.

A BLACK MARE, thirteen hands and an
inch high, of a handsome form, and exceeded
by none of her size for the saddle, either in
point of gait or spirit.

A strong built BLACK MARE, fourteen
hands and an inch high, six years old, and rises
remarkably well.

An elegant full blooded BROOD MARE,
15 hands high, 8 years old, of a beautiful bay,
and would truly be an acquisition to any gen-
tleman conveniently situated for breeding fine
horses. Apply to

LATHAM & BANKS,

Left in my Store, some time last spring,
A Box Containing Twenty Hats,

FIVE of which are covered with black oil
cloths, and lined on the underside with
green, some have the maker's name, "James
Darrach, Philadelphia," in them. The owner
is desirous to take them away and pay charges,
otherwise they will be sold to defray expenses,
as they are injuring very much, having been
used by WILLIAM LEVY.

Lexington, August 17.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber will attend, or his
agent for him, at the town of
Newcastle, in the county of Lincoln
and State of Kentucky, from the 20th
of September next till the 20th of Octo-
ber inclusive, to lay off and mark the
in and out lots of said town to the
purchasers, agreeable to the terms of
sale.

HE HAS FOR SALE

13 or 14,000 acres of Land
adjoining of the said town, which he
will lay off in small tracts to suit the
purchasers, to whom an indisputable
title will be made.

Spencer Griffin.

August 14.

State of Kentucky.

Washington District ct.

June Term, 1797.

Meredith Helms, complainant,

Benjamin Fitzgerald, heir at law } Defendant

to John Fitzgerald decd. } In Chancery.

16 The defendant not having

entered his appearance agreeably to an act of

the assembly and the rules of this court, and it ap-

pearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the

defendant is not an inhabitant of this state—On

the motion of the complainant, by his attorney,

it is ordered, that the defendant appear here on

the third day of our next October term, and

answer the complainant's bill; and that a copy of

this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette

for two months successively, another to be in-

serted at the door of the court house of Morgan

county, and that this order be published for

Sunday immediately after Divine service, at the

door of the Baptist meeting house in the town of

Washington.

(A copy.) Teste

FRANCIS TAYLOR, C.W.D.

115

Scott Court, ct.

March Court 2, S. 1797.

Harry Innis Esq. complainant,

v. s.

David Rofs, Adm. of John May } Defendants,

dec. & als.

16 In Chancery.

The defendant David Rofs,

not having entered his appearance, and given

notice according to the act of assembly and the

rules of this court, and it appearing to the sa-

tisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabit-

ant of this state—on the motion of the com-

plainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that the

said defendant, David, do appear here on the

fourth Monday in July next, and answer the

bill of the complainant, and that a copy of this

order be forthwith inserted in the Kentucky

Gazette for two months successively, and also

set up at the front door of the Court house in

Georgetown.

(A copy.) Teste

JOHN HAWKINS, Clk. Cur.

JHP

Four or Five Thousand Acres of Ex-

cellent

FARMING LAND,

LYING on Plum creek, Shelby county, for

sale, on reasonable terms, in tracts to suit

the purchasers, they paying Cash in part, and

giving bond and security for the balance at

lawful agreed on. The parts sold will be laid

off, and a good title with general warranty,

made by the subscriber, who will attend on the

land, and at the house of Richard Chilton, on

the first Monday in September next, and continue

there until the 10th of the month, to accommo-

date such as choose to purchase.

H. MARSHALL.

Woodford county, August 4. 78

For Sale,

TWO SECTIONS OF LAND,

IN the Military range, within Judge Symmes's

deed, out of the following numbers, viz: 3, 6

and 15 in the second township, and 3, 6 and 22

in the 31 township. Persons who wish to be ac-

commodated may purchase in small quantities.

For terms apply either to J. & A. Hunt or Wil-

liam Wells in Cincinnati, to Col. Oliver Spencer

in Columbia, or John W. Hunt, merchant,

in Lexington.

note: An indisputable title will immediate-

ly be given to purchasers.

Cincinnati, August 2.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen away from the

Subscriber, living in Bourbon

county, on Stroud's creek, at Horn-

back's Mill, a foal Mare, about 13

hands high, a small fair in her forehead,

branded on the near buttock and off

shoulder thus JR. Whoever takes up the

said Mare, and delivers her to the

subscriber at Hornback's Mill, shall

have the above reward.

JOHN REED.

August 7.

YE Mr. DOYLE, (a hunter,) that was

once with me, will please to call

again, he will hear of something very

much to his advantage.

EDWARD WEST.

Lexington.

38 Hughes and Fitzhugh,

HAVE for file, at their Factory, near Ha-

garthorn, Washington county, Maryland,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

NAILS,

which they will dispose of on reasonable terms,

March 29, 1797.

STOLEN

FROM the plantation of the sub-
scriber, about two and a half
miles from Lexington, on Tuesday
night the 1st instant, a foal Mare,
3 years old, a natural trotter, about
13 hands high, no brand, her tail is
docked, she has a low carriage before,
and keeps her nose out, a blaze down
her face, and a dark spot on her but-
tock. Also, strayed from the same
place on Thursday the 10th of this
instant, three steers, one a grey
white, supposed to be about six years
old, a very large beast and supposed
to weigh about six hundred, an other a
red steer, with a white back, about six
years old, with short horns, supposed
to weigh about five hundred, and the
third a red steer, with a white face, a-
bout four years old, supposed to weigh
about four hundred, all in good or-
der; they were seen on the Fair's
creek road, and it is supposed they
may attempt to cross the Kentucky Ri-
ver, as they were purchased of some
person or persons in Lincoln county,
by Mr. John Hunt of Lexington. A
reward of ten dollars will be given
for the Mare, and thief, or five dol-
lars for the Mare, and six dollars will
be given for taking up the said steers,
so that the owner may get them, and
all other reasonable charges.

THOMAS IRWIN.

Manfield August 14.

FOR SALE.

The Subscriber,

WHO is about to remove his old Rope Walk,
will lay out the land on which it stands,
in six lots, sixty-six and two thirds set in front,
and one hundred and forty back, he will also
lay out a lot on the street he lives on, the same
size including his blacksmith's shop, on three of
the other lots will be three small brick houses,
which will accommodate as many families; all
of which will be sold on reasonable terms by
THOMAS HART.

At a Court of Quarter Sessions held for
the county of Logan, the 17th day of
June 1797,

JOHN HANLEY complainant,

Against

JAMES HARRIOTT, defendant.

11 In Chancery.

THE defendant not having entered

his appearance agreeable to an act of

assembly and the rules of this court; and it ap-

pearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is no

inhabitant of this state—on the motion

of the complainant by his counsel it is

ordered that the defendant do ap-

pear here on the second day of the

next court, to be held on the second

Tuesday in September next, and an-

swer the complainant's bill, and that

a copy of this order be inserted in the

Kentucky Gazette or Herald for two

months successively, and posted up at

the Salem meeting-house, in this county

where divine service is performed.

Samuel Caldwell, C. L. C. 2.

Three Dollars Reward.

Strayed from the plantation

of Mr. Francis Downing, on Hickman, four

miles from Lexington, on the 23d instant, a dark

bay horse, eight or nine years old, nearly fifteen

hands high, a blaze and fifty, two small feet white.

Whoever will deliver the said horse to Mr. Fran-

cis Downing, or to the subscriber, shall have the

above reward.

George Heytel.

Lexington, April 28.

NOTICE, to those whom it may

concern—That whereas I have

purchased of Richard Chinnoweth of

Jefferson county, an arbitration bond

on Col. Wm. Fleming of Virginia, and

have given him in exchange, my de-

bit for fifty-six pounds in mercan-

dile; but have been credibly infor-

med since, that there is a deception in

the bond, this is to forewarn any per-

son from trading for or taking an as-

signment on the said due bill, as I am

determined not to discharge it until I

hear to the contrary.

JOHN CLAY.

WANTED

A person who is well acquainted with

Maltng & Brewing of Beer,

Also A DISTILLER, Great encour-

agement will be given—Apply to

A. Holmes.

Lexington, July 26, 1797.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

AN away from Washington, (Ma-

son county, Kentucky,) some

time in May last, a Negro Man named

LOUIS, (or LUE,) about twenty-four

years of age, five feet six or eight in-

ches high, has a hale in one of his

legs. The above reward will be giv-

en if secured in any jail in this state.

A. HOLMES.

Lexington, July 15.

NOTICE.

The partnership of CHARLES

HUMPHREY & Co. was dissolved on the 1st

time in May last, a Negro Man named

LOUIS, (or LUE,) about twenty-four

years of age, five feet six or eight in-

ches high, has a hale in one of his

legs. The above reward will be giv-

en if secured in any jail in this state.

A. HOLMES.

Lexington, July 15.

Warranted Banking Cloths,

From No. 1 to No. 6, for sale at

ANDREW HOLMES'S STORE,

The corner of Main and Mill streets,

Lexington.

SHOT

OF the different numbers, made by

A. F. SAUGRAIN, in Lexington,

and sold whole sale and retail, at AR-

DREW HOLMES'S STORE.

Lexington August 8.

FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OR

LAND: VIZ.

Twelve hundred acres on the

waters of Big Bone creek—Two thousand five

hundred acres on the Main branch of Licking

above the Upper Blue Licks; the above land

was patented in the name of Beverly Withlow.

Also five hundred acres on the Beaver-Dam

fork of Big Clifty, a branch of Green river, &c.

being part of a survey located and patented in

the name of George Scott. The above lands

will be sold cheaply and the title warranted good.

Any person inclinable to purchase may know

the terms of sale, and see the title papers, on

application to the subscriber, at Brent's tavern,

Lexington.

Wm. WINSLOW.

June 12, 1797.

FOR SALE.

That noted tract of LAND,

English's station, containing four hundred acres,

three miles from the Green orchard, supposed to

be equal, if not superior to any in the district,

for a public house; as the land is of good qual-

ity, a great part of it would make excellent

meadow; the angle is good both winter and

summer, and from its situation, no doubt will

be permanent; well watered with springs; a

good feat for a distiller, and Dick's river runs

through the tract; eighty or ninety acres now

in order for cropping. An indisputable title

will be made to the purchaser. For terms ap-

ply to the Printer hereof, or to the subscriber

at Madison court house.

Spencer Griffin.

April 21.

For sale

FOR CASH OR MERCHANDISE,

Two thousand five hundred

acres of LAND, lying on the Tins, about 25

m

CORRESPONDENCE

BETWEEN
JAMES MONROE AND TIMOTHY PICKERING, Secretary of State.
(Concluded.)

From Mr. Monroe to the Secretary of State.
Philadelphia, July 30, 1797.

SIR,
I HAVE received and attended to your official letter of the 24th, and your private one of the 25th instant, and shall now reply to both.

Permit me to premise that in any discussion which has, or may take place, between us, I have not, nor shall I consider you in any other than your official character, having yet to learn what your pretensions are to confidence as an individual citizen, for the weight which your opinion ought to have, as such, especially in the present case.

I think proper now to observe, that when I called upon you for an explanation of the motives of the administration in making this attack upon me, it was not with a view to derive any information for myself. I have been too long and too well acquainted with the political conduct, principles, and views of the administration, not to know what its motives were in that respect without any aid from you. Indeed, knowing what my own conduct was, and what your views are, of which a series of facts and circumstances leaves no doubt on my mind, I had no expectation of obtaining from you any thing like a candid answer. On the contrary I expected an evasive one, dealing in hints and innuendos, thrown out to divert the mind from the true object of enquiry. Nor have I been disappointed in my expectation—for I am persuaded that no impartial person can read your several letters upon this subject, without entertaining the same opinion of them.

I expected even a disguise of the real motive, and by every possible artifice which interest or ingenuity could suggest, because I knew the real motive could not be avowed: and such I am persuaded will be the opinion of every impartial person, who after reading your letters, traces the true motive, by a correct analysis of those facts and circumstances to which I allude.

I called upon you in that spirit of candour which I have always observed towards the administration and others, and to give you an opportunity to justify your conduct by your own arguments, and thereby place it in the light you wished it to stand. But this you have refused to do, and for reasons the most extraordinary. In calling upon you then, I have acted consistently with my own principles: and in refusing to comply you have taken a ground for which the administration is responsible.

I fear bear to discuss again the solidity of that principle which supposes every public officer of the United States (the judges excepted) a menial servant to the president, a principle which if established, vanishes from the bosom of every such officer all regard for country, every noble and patriotic sentiment; and makes him dependent, not upon the integrity and propriety of his own conduct, but upon the personal favor of his superior. If such were the case, what confidence could the people of America repose in any public functionary, since after he gets in to office whatever may have been his character before, he sinks into a machine, and ceases to be a watchful sentinel over the public rights and interests? If such were the case the principles and practice of our free governments are departed from, and the most slavish doctrines of the most despotic governments are introduced in their stead; and that such must be the case is obvious, if the executive can exercise the discretion you speak of in the pleasurable manner you contend for, and without accounting for any of its acts, or the motives of them in any case, to the party injured, the public, or any person whatever. This doctrine merits the attention of the people of America, because it is a pernicious one. They have provided in the constitution they have adopted, a suitable mode for the appointment of public officers, and which supposes a due regard to be paid to the characters of those who are appointed, and with a view that they may be faithfully served. They pay to their public officers, President and all liberally, and ought to be faithfully served. They have

likewise provided for, and with a supervision of the superior over the inferior, but I trust it is their intention that the merits and character of the latter should be estimated by the standard of his integrity and public services, and not by the whim, caprice or any less worthy motive of those above him.

Nor shall I discuss the solidity of the principle, or the policy of the practice, you have adopted, of opening a door in your office for the reception of spies and informers, to whose communications, it appears, implicit faith is given, although their names, their characters and even the purport of their denunciations be withheld. This practice is of great antiquity, and is now in use in the despotic governments of Europe, but I hoped never to see it transplanted to this side of the Atlantic, especially in the degree to which you extend it. I dismiss these topics from view, because they are only incidental to the main object of enquiry, and involve principles, in which I am not interested, otherwise than in common with every other American citizen. I have noticed them however, that their tendency may be correctly understood.

But I think proper to make a few comments upon the hints and innuendos contained in your letter of the 24th, and with a view to place them and your conduct in making them in their true light.

You suggest many cases which, provided they existed, you say would justify the executive in the removal and censure of a public minister or other officer; such for example, as a "defect of judgment, skill, or diligence; the want of confidence in him by the administration; his holding improper correspondences with men known to be hostile to the government he represents, and whose actions tend to its subversion; his countenancing and inviting from a mistaken view of the interests of his own country, a conduct in another derogatory from and injurious to those interests, &c." The existence of any of these cases you say would justify the removal of any public minister.

It is not my intention to contest with you abstract principles, because I will readily admit that if a public officer be incompetent to the duties of his office, whether it proceed from want of judgment, skill or diligence; if he be the tool or partisan of another country against the honor and interest of his own; or be associated with foreigners of any description whatever, or with the agents or creatures of foreign powers, in promoting any plan of conspiracy against, insurrection in, or disorganization of his own country, that in any and every such case, such officer, whether he be employed at home or abroad, ought to be dismissed and disgraced, or rather severely punished; for disgrace upon those who are capable such enormities, is no punishment at all. But do you mean to apply any of these imputations to me? If so, why not avow it, and present your proof? would it not be more manly to do, than to deal in innuendo and insinuation, which without making you responsible for any charge, are perhaps intended to be understood as such? Or do you hope that we shall take these innuendos for facts, without your declaring them to be so, or producing any testimonies to support them? This might perhaps promote your views in the present case, but would certainly not promote the cause of truth.

With respect to the clamour which is so incessantly raised (and of which you seem disposed to avail yourself in the present instance) of danger to the government from the exercise of freedom of opinion, in debate and writing, or of your insinuation that I had improper correspondence with any such persons, it is one which merits no reply. I have no correspondent in whom I repose confidence, who has not given at least as strong proof of his attachment to good government and good order, and who is not as much interested (perhaps much more so) in the preservation of those blessings as yourself, or any of those who make the loudest clamour on that subject. Nor have I had a communication with any person or persons whilst employed abroad, or at any other time, of a public nature, but with a view to preserve the government and the union entire; always seeking to counteract the disuniting disorganizing projects of those who secretly wished to subvert them. Do you know of any corre-

pondence of mine exhibiting an opposite character, or having an opposite tendency? If you do, produce it, and then we will discuss this point further. But till then I shall consider this innuendo like the others, as being thrown out only to obscure the subject and divert the mind from the true object of inquiry.

And upon the point of confidence between the administration and myself, with respect to the period of its commencement and termination, on both sides, (if, indeed, it ever existed on theirs in the view in which I believe it did) with the cause which created and destroyed it, I shall say but little at present, because it is a very important one, and requires to be more fully illustrated than the nature of this communication will admit of. This point involves in it the whole policy of the administration, in my opinion, and recall, and will, I think, when fully understood, tend essentially to illustrate the conduct, principles & views of the administration during this great & interesting crisis of human affairs. I think proper however, to observe here that whatever may be the opinion of the world, as to the merits of the administration, in these respects, or of its conduct towards me, through the whole of my mission, I can show, in the most satisfactory manner, that my political character & principles, whilst a member of the American senate, and whilst minister plenipotentiary of the United States with the French Republic, were always the same, and that in both stations, and through every vicissitude of our affairs, it was the constant and laborious effort of my life, to preserve peace, harmony and perfect amity between the two republics. I can show, too, that those efforts had produced, and were still producing, a good effect, of which the administration had full knowledge, at the very moment when it endeavored to impair the public with a belief that I had failed to do my duty. The administration may, perhaps, find it hereafter expedient to explain, why I was invited to accept that mission and confidence in at that time, and why that confidence was withdrawn afterwards. Were my political character and principles less known in the former place than in the latter? I presume not, for at the time when I was invited to accept this mission to the French republic I was a member of the Senate of the United States, and had acted with such decision upon all topics which came before that body, as to leave no doubt with any one what my political principles were. Was there any particular object in view, depending any where, at the former period, and which my appointment to the French republic might then promote? and did the accomplishment of that object produce a change in the policy of the administration towards that republic, and of what nature was that object? I suggest these ideas incidentally only and without meaning to go fully into them.

So much I have thought proper to say in reply to the hints and innuendos contained in your letter of the 24th, and which I presume will fully explain your motives in making them. I will now proceed to another point, of more importance in the present enquiry.

The change in the political situation of the United States is too obvious and interesting not to attract the attention and excite the sensibility of even those who are the least observant. A few years past, the name of America was a venerable name in the catalogue of nations. It commanded the respect and drew the sympathetic attention of all powers and of all men. Her commerce and her agriculture flourished; all hands in hand, and her people were happy. Beloved by her ancient friends and dreaded by her ancient foes, there was no cloud in the political horizon to darken her prospects. A coalition of tyrants, it is true, whose avowed object it was to extirpate liberty from off the face of the globe, excited and alarmed for awhile—soon, however, the strong and potent arm of republicanism crushed its efforts and averted the storm. But what a reverse has now taken place, and where will the catastrophe end? Our national character has not only already greatly declined, and our commerce and agriculture greatly suffered, but we are upon the point of being involved in a war with our ancient and delectable ally, now become a republic after our example, and on the side of the remnants of that

same coalition which was lately armed against the liberties of the world. Strange and almost incredible event indeed! By what means has this change been produced? Much has been said and done by the administration, not simply to exculpate itself from all blame in that respect, but to criminate others, and when called upon to state and substantiate its charge, what has been the result? let your letters shew.

It is now time to close this subject, and to bring into view an important question, which must be decided on. Has the administration performed its duty to its country in these great concerns, & acquitted itself to the public as it ought to have done? In my judgment it has not. Might we not have avoided this crisis by other and obvious measures, more consistent with our national honour & interest, and without exposing ourselves to any real danger whatever? In my judgment we might. In this latter view the subject acquires new importance and is entitled to more particular attention.

You will readily perceive that our fellow citizens in general are deeply interested in the several points of discussion between us, to whom it likewise belongs to eliminate yours and my conduct: and I now think proper to inform you, that it is my intention to carry the subject before that enlightened and impartial tribunal, with all the lights which I possess.

I am, sir, with due respect, &c.

From Mr. Monroe to the Secretary of State.
July 31, 1797.

Mr. Monroe requests Col. Pickering to inform his colleagues that the expediency of his having any communication otherwise than with the administration itself upon an act for which he holds the administration responsible, precludes his receiving from them, as individual citizens, any information whatever respecting the motives which governed them in the case referred to. He declines this, with the greater pleasure, because the course he finds it necessary to adopt for the examination and development of this subject generally, effects to these gentlemen, as individual citizens an opportunity to communicate the motives of their conduct in that case to the community at large, thro' which channel only can he attend to them.

MUTINY IN THE BRITISH FLEET.
SHEERNESS, June 4.

This place continues in the same awful uncertainty it has been in for some days past. I have not learnt that any correspondence between the fleet and garrison has taken place this day. Every preparation for defence has been made, and the town is at present filled with troops. The road to Sheerness is patrolled by parties of horse, and every carriage searched. About an hour ago a flag of truce arrived at the pier with the captain of the Montague. Whether he was forced or requested to leave the fleet, I know not. The navigation of the Thames is wholly obstructed; and within this hour I have heard at least two rounds of shot, for the purpose of bringing vessels to.

The sailors declare their determination not to be starved out, and they have accordingly landed and carried off some sheep from the Isle of Grain, in consequence of which a force has been sent there. The red flag is hoisted in the whole fleet of nearly thirty ships. Heaven alone knows what will be the result of this business; but it is evident that for things to remain in this doubtful state many days longer, is impossible.

Last night they seized on a hoy laden with three hundred sacks of flour, & another laden with wheat for London, both of which cargoes they divided among the ships, and liberated the captains and crews with the vessels. The captains are now with the port-admiral, giving evidence as to the facts.

TAKEN out of the possession of George, a negro man belonging to widow Macpherson, (late the property of Richard Macpherson,) a coat made of mixed broad-cloth, the coat has been but little worn, and supposed to be stolen, as George is a notorious villain: the owner may get it by applying to the subscriber in Woodford county, proving his property and paying charges.

RICHARD CAVE.

August 24 1797.

LEXINGTON:

Saturday, August 26.

Our latest accounts from London are to June 13th. By them we learn that the mutiny on board the fleets at Succreeds and the Nord are far from being quelled—that the delegates sent on shore to the Admiral a declaration, flaring their intention of blocking up the river Thames, they gave as their reason for this, that as the Dutch fleet was on the point of sailing, they were determined to have their grievances settled, and would bring things to an extremity at once, after which the Standard, Inspector, Brilliant & Swan got under way, and moved at equal distances a cross the mouth of the Thames, soon after, several vessels standing down the river, were obliged to come to, and anchor, near the ships of the mutineers.

Extract of a letter to the editor, dated Hamilton district, State of Tennessee, August 13, 1797.

"We are in a confused state. The commissioners are ascertaining the boundary line between this State and the Indians—there is not less than 5000 souls that will fall into the Indian lands, and must move off shortly. I have my doubts that there will be difficulty, as the people are very obstinate. The 4th Regiment is at Knoxville, and in case those people refuse to move off, they will march in the course of a few weeks against them!"

LEXINGTON LODGE LOTTERY, AND CHANCES OF INSURANCE.

33d and last day's drawing.—August 19.

PRIZES.

Of 100 dollars, (last drawn ticket) No. 89.
Of 50 dollars, No. 1888.
Of 25 dollars, No. 2473.
No. 37 321 398 663 727 809 1600 2870.

Of 10 dollars, No. 315 261 818 321 2822.
Of 6 dollars, No. 315 261 818 321 2822.
345 1036 1418 2294 2339 2378 2637.

BLANKS.

No. 55 64 97 98 119 129 132 201 212 234 245 257 263 266 277 283 310 324 341 443 501 574 610 623 638 701 737 794 818 827 838 921 921 927 954 975 983 1038 1124 1199 1218 1338 1344 1433 1431 1432 1433 1442 1500 1516 1538 1640 1644 1638 1651 1745 1772 1861 1871 1884 2027 2029 2016 2236 2040 2492 2493 2496 2497 2518 2330 2478 2493 2492 2493 2496 2497 2518 2330 2533 2598 2614 2608 2652 2653 2662 2675 2695 2840 2852 2853 2856.

NOTICE, is hereby given, that I shall attend for the purpose of receiving entries of Carriages, at Innis B. Brent's tavern, in Lexington, the 25th of September next, and at Clarke courthouse on the 26th.
T. STRESHLEY, C. R.
August 22.

TO BE SOLD,

AT the plantation of the subscriber, living at Nolich, on Wednesday the 11th day of November, 1000 acres, (or part thereof, or land, a pre-emption right, lying on Gilt's creek, Shelby county.

Also 6000 acres lying between Bullskin and Floyd's forks, county aforesaid. Special deeds will be made and no other. Also inquiry other will be made and no other. Also inquiry other will be made and no other.

NOTICE.

ON the 7th day of October next, I will attend on an entry of 5000 acres, in the name of James Larue, the 3rd of February 1854, lying on both sides of Salt river, adjoining Sarah Boone's entry of 1000 acres, on the lower side, running down on both sides for quantity—then, & there to take on oath the depositions of sundry witnesses to ascertain the special calls of said entry, and perpetuate the testimony thereof, and do such other acts and things, in the premises, as the said commissioners are authorized and required to do by the act of assembly in that case made and provided.

ISAAC LARUE, for JAMES LARUE.

CASH

Will be given for any quantity of Good Clean HOPS.

By A. HOLMES.

Lexington, August 23.

FOR SALE FOR CASH.

A Likely Young Negro Fellow, 3w Enquire of the Printer



RAN AWAY from the subscriber, in Fayette county, near Bryan's station, a negro man, by the name of JOHN, thirty years old, about five feet ten inches high, had on when he went away a pair of hempen overalls, & a short coat, colored cloth, the other a long coat, fine cloth, some of the clothing; a remarkable black negro, with a bold look. Whoever takes up said negro, and brings him to me, shall have FIFTY DOLLARS reward.
LEONARD YOUNG.
August 25.

Taken up by the subscriber, living near Todd's ferry, a dark Bay Mare, branded on the near shoulder and buttock thus H, and docked with a long dock, some fiddle spots, and marked with some white hairs on her near buttock, and in her tail, about four feet six inches high, nine or ten years old, trained naturally, appraised to 120.
BENJAMIN NEWTON.
April 12, 1797.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

ON Saturday the 28th of October next (or the next fair day, if Saturday should be interposed, Sunday excepted) I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by Madison county court, on the fourth site of the North fork of Clinch, at the mouth of a small creek, now called Mill creek, there to perpetuate testimony to establish the improvement, &c. of Richard Matherly, whose right to a certain tract of land of 1200 acres, running up said creek, is sold to Adam Jackman, and now claimed by his heirs.

JOHN BAILY, Atty. Gen. for the heirs of ADAM JACKMAN, Dec. August 15, 1797.

Notice,

THAT whereas John Hickman the 25th day of April 1780, made an entry of 2000 acres in Kentucky by virtue of a warrant for Military services performed by him in the last war, lying on the head of Little Kentucky, and Bartlett's folly a branch of Drennins Creek, running in on the north side to include the head branches of both creeks, and the county court of Shelby at their July Term, appointed certain commissioners to ascertain and prove the special calls in said entry, under the act of assembly in that case made and provided; this is therefore to notify all persons concerned that I will attend with said commissioners on the said entry, on Tuesday the 12th day of September next in order to take the depositions of witnesses to ascertain the special calls in said entry and to do whatever else the said commissioners shall deem necessary to perpetuate the said claim and agreeable to the said act of assembly.

CHARLES LYNCH for JOHN HICKMAN
August 18, 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Mercer county, near Todd's Ferry, a bay mare, 14 hands high, eleven years old, had on a small bell, no brand, appraised to 51.
BENJAMIN NEWTON.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on the Kentucky river, about 2 miles below the mouth of Downing creek, in Madison county, a black Mare, to or 11 years old, 14 hands 1 inch high, some fiddle spots, a brand, on the near shoulder, not legible, a white spot on the off jaw, had on a small bell tied on with a hemp string, appraised to 120.
JAMES ASHCRAFT.
May 6.

WANTED.

A Quantity of Good Whiskey, For which CASH and MERCHANDISE will be given.—Enquire of the Printer hereof.

NOTICE. Whereas Stephen Beauchamp, of Keok county, and state of Delaware, executed a bond to Daniel James, of the county and state aforesaid, with John Beauchamp, Esquire, for the payment of forty pounds, dated the first day of September 1784. All persons are hereby cautioned against taking an assignment on said bond, as I am determined not to pay it, unless compelled by law.

JESSE BEAUCHAMP.

July 31.

NOTICE.—that commissioners appointed by the court of Shelby county, will meet at my house, on Long run, on the 31st day of August next, in order to take the depositions of sundry witnesses, and perpetuate their testimony, respecting the calls in an entry on a treasury warrant, for 500 acres of land made in my name, and on which I now live, and do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.
BENJAMIN HOOKS.
July 29.

ALL persons interested, are desired to take notice, that the commissioners appointed by the court of Shelby county, for that purpose, will on the 6th day of September next, meet at the house of Joseph Winlock, on Ballikin, a branch of Bearhead's creek, and will proceed to take the depositions of sundry witnesses to establish the improvement and other special calls in the certificate and entries of a settlement and preemption, granted by the court of commissioners to George M'Clure.

GEORGE M'CLURE, By WILLIAM CROW, His Attorney in Fact.

I taken up by the subscriber, living on Linn's run, the waters of North Elkhorn, Keok county, a roan horse colt, two years old, branded on the near shoulder thus J, appraised to 180.
ABRAHAM HEATH.
June 10.

IN the latter end of the year 1795, a certain William Owens, of Scott county, took up a dark roan mare, about five years old; and a strawberry roan foal colt, neither of which was branded, or any other visible mark. In the beginning of the year '96, he traded the mare to the house of William, who traded her to a certain M. Gruell who has taken her out of the state. In the latter part of the year '96, said Owens traded the colt to John M'Clure, previous to which he branded it thus L. As I have good reason to believe that said Owens has not asked agreeably to law, and as I have taken up said colt, I take this method of giving the said information to enable the owner to obtain his property.
ABRAHAM HEATH.
August 1, 1797.

Fayette County Jt. To all Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables and Headboroughs within the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS complaint is made to me this day, upon the oath of William Ford, Sheriff of the county aforesaid, that William Shaw, laborer, late of the county of Scott, who was committed to the jail of the said county of Fayette on suspicion of felony did, on Saturday the fifteenth of the present month forcibly escape from the said jail, and is now going at large.—There are therefore in the name of the Commonwealth, to require you and every of you, in your respective counties, towns and precincts, to make diligent search by way of hue and cry for the said William Shaw, and him having found to seize and detain and safely convey, or cause him to be conveyed to the jail of the said county of Fayette, there to be kept until he shall be discharged by the court of law. Given under my hand and seal this 23rd day of July 1797, sixth year of the Commonwealth.

AND MCALLA.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Fayette county, a Bay Mare, some gray hairs, six years old this spring, fourteen and a half hands high, branded on the near shoulder and buttock thus A, a small star in her forehead, some fiddle spots, some white on her off hind foot.—appraised to 201.
James Rice.

April 14, 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Fayette county, near Capt. Rice's horse-mill, a Bay Horse, five years old, four feet nine inches high, branded on the near buttock thus T, some white on his near hind foot, a small star in his forehead, some fiddle spots, had a three ringing bell on.—appraised to 171, 10s.
John James.

April 14, 1797.

Taken up by the subscriber, living on Le Compt's run, Scott county, a yellow Bay Horse, four or five years old this spring, a blaze face, one white foot, branded thus IC, about thirteen hands high, blind in the right eye.—appraised to 51.
Nat. Wilson.

May 22, 1797.

Taken up by the subscriber, living on Flemming creek, Macon county, near Stogdon's station, June 10th, 1797, one black Horse, 3 years old, 14 hands and a half high, branded on the near shoulder with a three ring iron, polled, and appraised to 120.
Benjamin Huttin.

N. B. The said horse followed Robert Caughren's horses from Fayette county, in the fall '95, neither cut nor branded.

One hundred Dollars reward.

STOLEN OUT OF MY SHOP THREE WATCHES, & TWO GOLD RINGS.

ONE of which is a small French gold watch, which I mailed about the 20th of last September. I am informed the maker's name (which was on the face, and perhaps on the inside also) was L'Epierre, a Paris—there was a piece broke out of the face by winding with two large a key; if any carrying on the case, it was only a little round the rim and joint; when stolen it looked dull by lying some time out of use, wanted cleaning and a glass, had a small yellow chain with flat links and a small flat gilt key. The silver watches were both mailed since the middle of this month: one of which was of the new kind of flat watches with gold hands, made by James Miller, London, No. 2396, if I remember right. The other is what is called a Holland watch, but I think it was made by John Ardern, Liverpool No. 1013; as well as I recollect, the cock over the balance-wheel was silver, in which was a garnet stone for the wheel to run on; the had yellow hands, and the outside case thus like a box without any spring. One of the Rings was of a common kind, with middle sized square white stone. The other was an old mourning Ring, which weighed about half a guinea, lettered with "Frances Nelson, only (date forgot) Etas 84," but I can't legible. Whoever apprehends and delivers to me the thief or thieves, and the articles above mentioned, shall be entitled to the above reward, or twenty dollars for each watch and one dollar for each ring.
SAMUEL AYRES.
Lexington, July 23.

NOTICE

THAT on the 7th day of October next I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Shelby, on an entry of 1000 acres in the name of Sarah Boone, on a treasury warrant, No. 12194, December 24th, 1784, on the north side of Salt river, about ten miles below the county line of Lincoln and Jefferson—beginning at a hoop-wound on the bank of the river, at the upper end of a large bottom, extending thence, north thence, west, to a fourth line and thence, very, will include the quantity.—then, and there to take on oath the depositions of sundry witnesses to ascertain the special calls of said entry, and perpetuate the testimony thereof, and do such other acts and things in the premises, as the said commissioners are authorized and required to do by the act of assembly in that case made and provided.

John Wilcocke.

Taken up by the subscriber, living on the waters of the Town Fork of Elkhorn, Fayette county, on the 8th day of May 1797, a dark Bay Mare, near 14 hands high, four years old, branded on the near shoulder SCJ appraised to twelve pounds.
James M'Dowell.

ALL persons indebted to the subscribers, are requested to make immediate payment, as one of us intends starting for Baltimore on or about the first of October next—we request a punctual attendance to this notice, as a compliance will materially injure us.
SMITH & ARTHUR.
Winchester, August 26, 1797.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVE just received and are now opening at their Store in Lexington, a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE, WHICH they will sell low for Cash, Money, Wheat, Butter, Hops, Lard, Tobacco, Tallow and Tar; all which they will give the highest price for, at their Store in Lexington, Cynthia's, E. Winters's Mills at the mouth of Tate's Creek, or any Ware House on the Kentucky River.

MOODY & DOWNING

December 19, 1796.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber about the middle of March last, a black Negro man named WAT, about twenty years of age, about five feet six or seven inches high, well set, slender and active, his right ankle appears to be maimed, though it is impeded in his walk; large full eyes, with a small scar over one of them, long snappy hair, dressed in coarse hemp linen, except a pair of buckskin breeches. Whoever will deliver said negro to the subscriber, living on Muddy creek, Madison county, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid.

SAMUEL GILBERT.

August 3.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near the head of Jeannine, about 3 miles from Lexington a bay mare 9 or 10 years old fourteen and a half hands high, branded RW, has a star in her forehead, near hind foot white, had on a small bell with a leather collar; appraised to 181.
WILLIAM HOWARD.
August 8.

July 1. I think 'twas the tenth day,
My wife Sally run away;
From bed and board did go, and say,
She would no longer with me stay.
Now, since she's left me without cause,
I'll leave her time enough to pause,
So that she may see her error,
Whilst I live happier with a fairer.
So I drew down my great and small,
I'll leave her any thing at all.
For her contracts from this day,
Not one farthing will I pay.
DAVID BEATY.

July 30, 1797.

A my wife Judy has eloped from me with-
out any just cause, the public will take
notice, that I will pay no debts contracted by her
after this date.
August 19, 1797.
Wm. STAFFORD.

Taken up by the subscriber,
living on the south side of Kentucky, near Cap-
tain Arnold's, Franklin County, a foal horse
colt, three years old, a blaze in his face,
his hind feet white, branded on the near shoulder
and thigh R; appraised to \$1.
Also a brown horse colt, one year old, with a
large star in his forehead; appraised to \$1.
JOHN M'BRAYERS.

April 7.

Taken up by the subscriber, living
on Parker's run, near Mr. Hen-
ry Moon's a bay Mare, about 14 hands
high, 5 years old, branded on the near
buttock but not intelligible, she has
on a leather collar, & a saddle spot on
her back—appraised to \$1.
George Thompson.

June 6, 1797.

THE SUBSCRIBER

I am empowered to sell the following tracts of land
viz.
1443 acres, on Paint creek, Nelson county.
2200 acres, ditto.
426 acres, ditto.
3333 acres, near the mouth of Green river,
Madison county.
3200 acres, Bourbon county, on the waters of
Big Sandy.
520 acres, ditto, on the waters of the North
fork of Licking, and waters of John's fork of
Licking.
220 acres, Fayette county, near the dividing
ridge between the fork of Licking and Elkhora.
2666 acres, of Continental Military land on
the Ohio river, and Putnam creek.
1200 acres, ditto, on the waters of Clay lick
creek.
1000 acres, ditto, on Clay lick creek, waters
of Cumberland the terms may be known by ap-
plication to Mr. Samuel Ayres in Lexington,
or Mr. Asahel Sams in Frankfort or to the
subscriber.
JOHN DANIEL.

Notice.

AN election will be held in the court house,
on the last Saturday of this month, at
three o'clock in the afternoon, for a TRUS-
TEE in the room of James Harrison who has
resigned. By order of the board.
JOHN ARTHUR, Clk.

Lexington, August 10.

I will sell a great Bargain
IN the following tracts of LAND,
for ready money, viz.

Eight thousand seven hundred & fifty
acres lying on the lower side of Raven
creek, a well branched off the fork of
Licking, in the county of Harrison.
Five hundred and fifty acres on said
Raven creek, above.

One equal moiety of four thousand
acres of land, lying on the waters of
the north fork of Licking river.
Also about thirteen hundred acres
on the waters of Eagle creek.

The whole of the above tracts of
land are patented in the name of Wil-
liam Walker, ten several years ago;
and no part of them have ever been
claimed by any person holding prior
claims to his. The subscriber is fully
authorized, by a power of attorney
from the aforesaid William Walker,
sen. to sell the said lands, and make
deeds to the purchaser, warranting
the same against the aforesaid Wil-
liam Walker, sen. and his heirs. But
if any part of the said lands should be
lost by prior claims, then the purchase
money, with interest, shall be return-
ed for that part so lost.
WM. WALKER, JUN.

Shall attend with the commissioners
appointed by the court of Fayette
county, on Tuesday the twenty-sixth of
September next, if fair, if not the next
fair day, at a Cherry tree, Hickory
and Red Oak, at the corner where the
survey of Edward Bradley's premp-
tion was begun, on the east side of Je-
famine creek, then and there to take
the depositions of sundry witnesses to
perpetuate their testimony respecting
an entry of fourteen hundred acres,
made in my name, adjoining said Brad-
ley's prempion, and do such other
things as may be necessary and agree-
ably to law.
HENRY PAYNE.

August 18, 1797.

Excellent Vinegar for sale

At my mill house in Lexington, by the
large or small quantity.
SAUGRAIN.
June 16, 1797.

JUST OPENING, FOR SALE,

In the house formerly occupied by Benjamin S.
Cox as a Store, at the corner of Main and
Cross streets, opposite the Old Court House,
ROBBERIES and DRY GOODS adapted to
the season; NAILS, &c. WINDOW GLASS
10 by 12 and 14 by 11; also a variety of SAD-
DLERY—Saddles of different descriptions, Sad-
dle-bags, Martingales, Bridles of every descrip-
tion, &c. also a cask of PORT WINE—All
will be disposed of extremely low for CASH or
COUNTRY PRODUCE, by
The Public's humble servant,
NATHAN BURROWS.

Lexington, June 7.

N. B. The subscriber has a package of SAD-
DLERY—Saddles, Saddle-bags, Bridles, &c.
that he will dispose of on very moderate terms
for CASH.
WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
Two or three Apprentices
To the Carpenter's and Shop Joiner's
Business. Also two or three
Good journeymen,
For Horse work, to whom generous
wages will be given.
JOHN SPANGLER.

Lexington, April 12.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the partnership of Alexander
and James Parker being dissolved (by the
death of James) the executor of the deceased,
cannely request all those indebted to the said
firm, by bond, note or book account, to come
forward immediately and settle their respective
balances; like wise all those who have any de-
mands against said firm, to bring them forward
properly authenticated, for settlement, as the
debts of the deceased must be immediately paid;
and the partnership settled.—No indulgence can
be expected.
ALEX. PARKER,
JOHN COBURN, } Exrs.
JOHN BRADFORD, }
Lexington, April 15, 1797.

IRON BANK.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
ONE thousand acres of Land, lying North
West of the Ohio, containing an extensive
bank of excellent Ore, as the subscribers suppose
—the quality of this ore has been ascertained by
Mr. Saugrain of Lexington, to whom any person
desirous of purchasing can apply for informa-
tion. The above tract of land lies about
twelve miles from the Ohio river, and about
one mile from Little Scioto, which empties
a few miles above the three Illinois.—A stream
supposed to be well calculated for a furnace,
runs through the land, and has a fall of thirty
feet at one spot, and about three quarters of a
mile from the bank of ore.—For further particu-
lars apply to Mr. Alexander Parker of Lex-
ington, or the subscribers in Washington.
BASIL DUKE.
JOHN COBURN.

April 21, 1797.

FOR SALE,

400 Acres of Military Land.

LIVING in the county of Clarke, about
10 miles from Lexington on the main road
leading from thence to Clarke court house, ad-
joining the land of Hubbard Taylor.—The
land lies well, is all of one first quality, and
inadmissible title—a deed of general warranty
will be given. Any person inclined to see it
will be gratified by Mr. Taylor. The terms
may be known by applying to Mr. Joseph Goo-
dy of Lexington, or to Capt. Richard Tarrill
on Beardsdales.

Aaron Fontaine.
If the whole will be sold together, or di-
vided into one, or two hundred acres, it
may suit the purchaser.
A. F.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER
HAS several tracts of Land in dif-
ferent parts of Kentucky, for
sale, which he will dispose of reason-
ably.
JOHN CLAY.

Lexington, 4th August, 1796.

For sale,

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND.

ONE tract lying in the county of Campbell,
on the waters of Locust creek, containing
2699 acres.—One tract, lying on Long Lick
creek, a branch of Rough creek, Harlan county,
about 1000 acres.—From Harlan settlement, con-
taining 2500 acres.

The above lands will be disposed of on mod-
erate terms; one half of the purchase money to
be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve
months will be given, the purchaser giving
bond with approved security. Any person in-
clined to purchase, may know the terms by
applying to Capt. Robt. Craddock in Danville,
or,
JOHN W. HOLT, att. in fact
for THOMAS HOLT.

NOTICE.

A generous price will be given
FOR eight hundred sixty-six and two thirds
acres of LAND, in the name of Edward
Dauls, on Main's creek. If the land has
been transferred, the subscribers will thank Mr.
Dauls, or any other person that will give in-
formation who is the present proprietor.
TATHAM & BANKS.

Lexington August 23.

Private Entainment

For Man and Horse,
ON Main Street, next door to Mr. Boggs's
Store, Lexington.
JOHN DOWNING.

PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENT

FOR MAN AND HORSE,
On Main street, next door to Doctor Downing's,
By WILLIAM ALLEN.

NOTICE.

CHARLES HUMPHREYS
HAS recommenced business in the Brick Store
opposite the Court house, lately occupied
by Hugh McTymain Esq. where he has to dispose
of a great variety of articles, consisting of
DRY GOODS, HARD WARE,
QUEEN'S WARE, BROGLERIES,
And a small quantity of PATENT
MEDICINE, &c.

NOTICE.

RESPECTFULLY informs his
friends and the public in gen-
eral, that he has opened Tavern in
that commodious house on Main street
the third door below Cross street,
where those who please to favor him
will find every convenience, and all the
best of the season.

ALL persons for whom I locat-
ed land, are desired to come forward and pay
off their respective balances, in order for a di-
vision, otherwise I shall petition the different
courts for a division.—Also all persons who have
any demands against me for land, are desired
to come forward, as I am ready to discharge the
same.

I have for sale twelve thousand acres of land,
in the Kentucky, and Floyd's Fork, be-
tween the eighteen and thirty miles from the Falls
of Ohio, of a good quality, and well watered, which
I will sell on reasonable terms for cash or ac-
count, and make a general warranty deed.
B. NICHOLAND.
March 16, 1797.

THE partnership of M'Corm
& Castleman has been some time dissolved,
by mutual consent, which was made known by a
former advertisement. All persons indebted to
them, are desired to come forward to make pay-
ment of their respective accounts to James M'Corm,
before the 10th of April next. Those who do
not avail themselves of this notice, may depend
on having their accounts put into the hands of
proper officers for collection, as no further indul-
gence can be given.

JAMES M'CORM,
JOHN CASTLEMAN.
March 22.

FOR SALE,

An Overshot Merchant-Mill
With two pair of Stones, together with a
Saw-Mill and Distillery,
STANDING in Madison county, up-
on Silver creek, six miles from the
Kentucky river.—Also, about
140 Acres of Land,
Twenty-five of which are cleared.
The grist-mill will be finished in
few weeks by an eminent European
millwright, and upon the best con-
struction. The situation of the mill
is well known to be as good as any
in the State. The dam and race, has
stood the late heavy floods, without
damage, and the stream continues to
flow year round. Any person inclined
to purchase, may apply to Geo. Smart
in Lexington, or to Robt Smart,
at the mills.

GEORGE SMART,
ROBERT SMART.
July 10, 1797.

N. B. If the Mills are not sold with
finished, they will be let for 7 yrs.

PUMP MAKER,

LATELY FROM PHILADELPHIA
Wishes to inform the Public
that he has lately come to this place, and
carrying on the Pump Making in all its dif-
ferent branches.—He hopes all those who
please to favor him with their custom, will
find their work done in the best and neatest man-
ner and on the most moderate terms, by their
most Humble Servt.
SAMUEL VAN PELT.
Lexington, August 9.

Thirty Dollars Reward

Will be given for apprehending
a man who calls himself Wil-
liam James, of a middle size, fair hair,
guined with an Irel-Kin, dark skin—
had on when I saw him, a coarse blue
cloth coat, nankin breeches and jack-
ets, the breeches tied at the knee with
white tape. The said James, yester-
day sold me a saddle, and received
payment, which afterwards proved to
be the property of Mr. Burrows.
FRANCIS BARRETT.
Lexington, August 15, 1797.

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NOTICE.
ALL those indebted to the estate of
JOSEPH BARRETT, deceased, ei-
ther by bond, note or otherwise, are
requested to come forward and make
payment, as no longer indulgence can
be given. And all those having any
demands against the said estate for
land, or otherwise, are requested to
attend at Harrodsdown on the second
Tuesday in October next, at which
time and place all the lands of the said
Barrett, either by parent, entry or
survey, will be exposed to sale on six
months credit, the purchaser giving
approved security. Also sundry lots
in the town of Harrodsdown, Harlan
county, the property of the said Bar-
rett, to be sold on the same terms.—
Due attendance will be given by
HARRISON TAYLOR,
STEPHEN CLEAVER, } Commrs.
HENRY RHODES, }
August 15, 1797.

Notice is hereby given to the county survey-
ors for the State of Kentucky, and the survey-
ors of the State and Continental line, that un-
less they forward their returns, and settle up
their accounts, agreeable to an act of assembly
passed in the year 1793, that the said law will
be immediately put in force against them, and
the penalties thereon incurred. By order of the
Board of Trustees for the Transylvania Sem-
inary.
SAMUEL BLAIR, Secy. S.

August 17, 1797.

NOTICE.
THAT commissioners appointed by
the court of Woodford county,
will meet on the 15th day of September
next on the land on which I now
live, to take the depositions of certain
witnesses, respecting the calls of an en-
try containing one thousand acres,
made in the name of M'Cormick,
on a prescription warrant, and do such
other acts as shall be deemed necessary
and agreeable to law.
WILLIAM M'CONNEL.

July 20.

NOTICE.
THAT commissioners appointed by
the court of Jefferson county,
will meet at the mouth of Harrods
creek on the Ohio, about eight miles
above Louisville, on the 15th day of
September next, if fair, if not the
next fair day, in order to take the de-
positions of witnesses to establish the
boundary of a military survey made in
the name of Robert M'Kinsey (now
the property of the Transylvania
Seminary).
And do such further acts or things as
shall be deemed necessary and agree-
able to law.
SAMUEL PRICE, } Agents
WALTER WARFIELD, }
JAMES TROTTER, }

August 17, 1797.

NOTICE.
THAT commissioners appointed by
the court of Jefferson county,
will meet at the mouth of Harrods
creek on the Ohio, about eight miles
above Louisville, on the 15th day of
September next, if fair, if not the
next fair day, in order to take the de-
positions of witnesses to establish the
boundary of a military survey made in
the name of Robert M'Kinsey (now
the property of the Transylvania
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